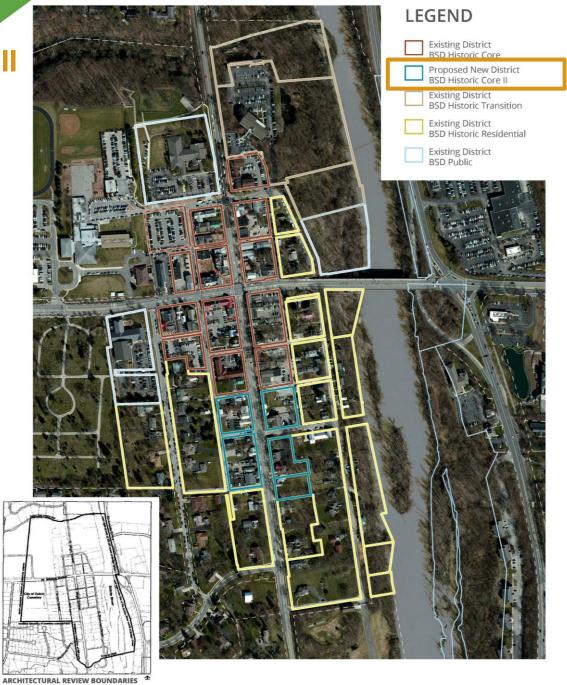
HISTORIC DUBLIN

DECEMBER 8, 2016

NEW DISTRICT: HISTORIC CORE II

NEW DISTRICT BSD HISTORIC CORE II



QUESTION 1:

DO YOU AGREE WITH THE LOCATION THE NEW DISTRICT?

- A. DEFINITELY
- **B. PRETTY SURE**
- C. NOT SURE
- D. NOT AT ALL
- E. OTHER. (PLEASE EXPLAIN)

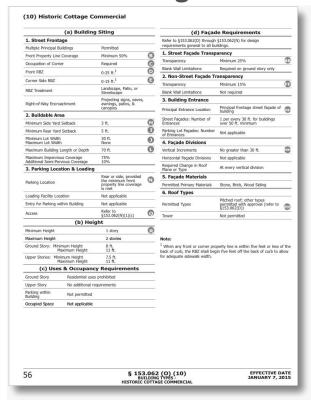
NEW DISTRICT PERMITTED BUILDING TYPE

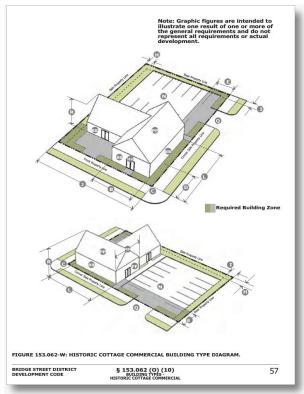
	BSD DISTRICTS											
	Residential	Office Residential	Office	Commercial	Historic Core	[NEW] HISTORIC CORE II	Historic Transition	Historic Residential 1 Neighborhood	Indian Run Neighborhood	Sawmill Center Neighborhood	Vertical Mixed Use	
Single Family Detached	0											
Single Family Attached	0						•		0			
Apartment Building		0					•		0	0		
Corridor Building		0							0	0		
Live/Work/Loft		0	•				•		0	0		
Commercial Center				0								
Apartment Building Corridor Building Live/Work/Loft Commercial Center Historic Cottage Commercial Historic Mixed Use Mixed Use					•	•						
Historic Mixed Use					•		•					
Mixed Use									0	0	0	
Large Format Commercial				0					0	0	0	
Civic Building		0	0	0	•	•	•		0	0		

Permitted BUILDING TYPES

Building type in the new proposed Historic Core II would be limited to the Historic Cottage Commercial and Civic Building.

Historic Cottage Commercial BUILDING TYPE





NEW DISTRICT PERMITTED USES

SAME USES PERMITTED IN HISTORIC CORE, EXCEPT:

- No Hotels (Bed & Breakfast permitted with limited number of rooms)
- Eating & Drinking Places (with a limitation on hours open)
- No Principal Use Surface Parking or Structure Parking



Uses for the new proposed Historic Core II District (highlighted with red text) include a range of less intensive uses than those in the Historic Core, such as offices and personal services.

P = Permitted U=Permitted	on up	oer floo	or only	C=C					me Lir	nited F	ermit		
		BSD DISTRICTS											
	Residential	Office-Residential	Office	Commercial	HISTORIC CORE	NEW] HISTORIC CORE	HISTORIC TRANSITION	HISTORIC RESIDENTIAL	ndian Run	Sawmill Center	/ertical Mixed Use	Public	Use Specific Standard See \$153.059 (C)
PRINCIPAL USES		_		_									(C)
RESIDENTIAL			_							_			Laur
Dwelling, Single-family Dwelling, Two-family	P			-	_			Р					(1)(a)
Dwelling, Townhouse	P	P			_		P		P		U		(1)(b)
Dwelling, Live-work	C	P	Р		P	P	P		P	P	Р		(1)(c)
Dwelling, Multiple-family	Р	Р			U	U	U						
Group Residence	S	Р									U		(1)(d)
CIVIC/PUBLIC/INSTITU	JTIO	NAL											
Adult or Child Day Care		P	Р	Р	P	P	P		P	P	P		(2)(a)
Community Center	C	C	D.	D	P	P	P P	P	P	P	Р	D	(2)(b)
Community Garden District Energy Plant	Р	P	P	P	C	C	С	Ψ.	P	P	Р	P	(2)(c) (2)(d)
District Energy Plant Education Facility		P	P	P	P	P	P		P	P	Р	P	(2)(0)
Elementary or Middle School					ŕ	-	ŕ	Р				Р	
Hospital		C,S	C, 5						C, 5	C, S		C	(2)(e)
Library, Museum, Gallery		P	P		Р	Р	Р		P	P	Р	Р	(2)(f)
Municipal Parking Lot					Р	P						Р	
Religious or Public Assembly					C,S	C,S	C,S						(2)(g)
Park or Open Space	Р	Р			P	P	P	P					
Public Safety Facility	С	С	С	C			С		С	C	С	Р	
Transit Station			С	С					С	С	С	С	
COMMERCIAL			P	-	_		P		P	P	P		Leave
Animal Care Bed and Breakfast			P	P	P P	P	Р		P	P	P		(3)(a) (3)(b)
Conference Center			-		-	-	P		P	P	U		(3)(0)
Eating and Drinking			P, S	Р	P		P		P	P	Р		(3)(c)
Entertainment / Recreation,				P, S			P,S		Р	Р	Р	С	(3)(d)
Indoor													
Fueling / Service Station Hotel		P	P	P	P		P		P	P	U		(3)(e)
Office, General		P	P	P	P	P	P		P	P	U		
Office, Medical		P	P	P	P	P	P		P	P	P		
Parking Structure		P. C	P. C	P, C	P. C		P, C		P. C	P, C	P, C		(3)(f)
Personal, Repair, & Rental		P, S	P, S	Р	P	Р	Р		Р	Р	Р		(3)(g)
Services		P	P	p					P	P	II.		_
Research & Development Retail, General		Р	P	P	P P, S	P S	P P, S		P	P	P		(3)(h)
Sexually-oriented Businesses				C	P, S	5	P, S		P	P	P		(3)(i)
Vehicle , Sales Rental, and				C	_					С			(3)(i)
Repair										_			(=)()
Wireless Communications ACCESSORY AND TEMPO Accessory uses are permitted of	RAR	Y USE	S			ode of O			al use i	on the	same	prope	rtv. and mus
Accessory uses are permitted on be clearly subordinate and incionate and incionate and incionate and incionate and the proposition of the proposition of the proposition and the proposition of the proposition and the prop	dental erty.	o that	use. I	No aco	essory u	use may l	be opera	ated wh	en a p	ermitte	ed or a	pprov	ed condition
Alternative Energy Equipment	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	(4)(a)
Bicycle Facilities	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	
Community Activity	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	T	Т	Т	Т	Т	
Construction Trailer/Office	Т	Т	Т	Т	т	Т	т		Т	Т	Т	Т	(4)(b)
Drive-in/Drive-through				Р									(4)(c)
Dwelling Rental or Sales Office	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т		Т	Т	Т		(4)(d)
Eating & Drinking		Р	P	P	P		P		Р	P	P	P	(4)(e)
Essential Utility Services Exercise and Fitness	P	P	P	P	P. S	P. S	P.S	P	P	P	P	P	(4)(6)
Exercise and Fitness Farmers Market	P	P	P	P	P, S	P, S	P, S P		P	P	P	P	(4)(f)
Gardening	P	P	P	P	C	C	C	P	C	C	P	-	(4)(g)
Home Occupation	P	P	P		P	P	P		P	P	P		(4)(h)
Outdoor Display or Seasonal Sales	Т	Т	Т	Т	T	T	т		Т	T	Т	Т	(4)(i)
	P.C												
		P,C	P,C	P,C	P,C	P,C	P,C P		P,C	P,C	P,C	P,C	(3)(f) (4)(j)
Parking, Structure	- 7 -	D.	P										
Parking, Structure Parking, Surface	Р	P	P	P	P	P						-	
Parking, Structure Parking, Surface Residence	- 7 -	Р	Р	Р	P	P	P		Р	Р	Р		(4)(k)
Sales Parking, Structure Parking, Surface Residence Retail or Personal Services Transit Stop	Р											P	

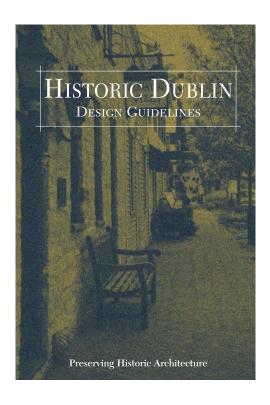
QUESTION 2:

WHAT IS YOUR OPINION ON LIMITING EATING & DRINKING USES IN THE NEW DISTRICT

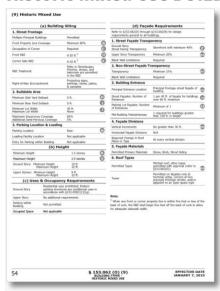
- A. Do not limit this use.
- B. Require closing by <u>10pm</u>.
- C. Require closing by <u>3pm</u>.
- D. Limit business hours to some other timeframe. Please explain below.
- E. Do not allow Eating & Drinking uses in the district.
- F. Other. (Please explain below.)

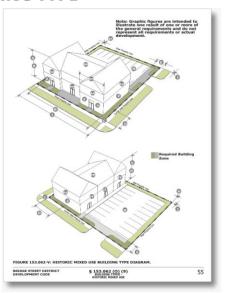


DESIGN STANDARDS BUILDING TYPES +



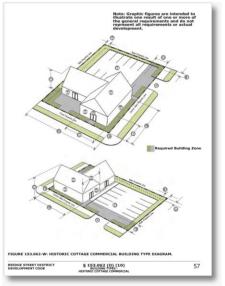
Historic Mixed Use BUILDING TYPE





Historic Cottage Commercial BUILDING TYPE





DESIGN STANDARDS BUILDING TYPE: HISTORIC CORE

STATION 4
SITE DEVELOPMENT:
SCALE &
MASSING with

A mocked up site with context scaled similarly to High Street south of Bridge was developed. The goal is to model potential building massings that will relate appropriately to residential parcels to the rear. The site is designed with a Historic Mixed Use building type at the front and other buildings to the rear. In most cases, existing historic buildings will exist at the front of the site.



The study site has a lane behind it similar to Mills or Blacksmith Lane. The study sites is flat – sloped sites similar to those along Blacksmith are discussed separately.







DESIGN STANDARDS BUILDING TYPE: HISTORIC CORE

STATION 4 SITE DEVELOPMENT: SCALE & MASSING

Study 1 of the generic site study includes a mixed use L-shaped building. Along the main street storefronts occupy the ground floor of the building. Residential units face the side street and the interior of the lot. The building is 2.5 stories along the length of the building, Parking could be located in the basement with either surface parking or landscape area behind the building.













DESIGN STANDARDS BUILDING TYPE: HISTORIC CORE

STATION 4 SITE DEVELOPMENT: SCALE & MASSING

Study 2 of the generic site study includes a mixed use building along the GENERIC main street plus a series of townhouses or live-work units along the side SITE STUDY street and on the interior of the lot. Along the main street storefronts occupy the ground floor of the building. All buildings are 2 to 2.5 stories. Parking for the townhouses or live-work units are shown in garages, accessed from the rear, in the















HISTORIC DUBLIN ZONING DISTRICTS



DESIGN STANDARDS BUILDING TYPE: HISTORIC CORE

STATION 4 SITE DEVELOPMENT: SCALE & MASSING

Study 3 of the generic site study includes a mixed use building along the main street and a series of cottage-like office or residential buildings in the rear of the site. Along the main street storefronts occupy the ground floor of the building with residences or commercial space above. Residential or office units in the rear face the side street and the interior of the lot. The building varies more than any of the other studies. A small garage for parking is shown in the rear for the residential



ELEMENTS OF THIS DESIGN:

- Regardless of High Street frontage, multiple cottage type buildings in the rear
- Step down the heights to 1.5 stories at the lanes parallel to High Street
- Provide for landscape space between the buildings
- Create "niches" of landscape areas, instead of continuous streetwall
- Screen parking from side streets
- Allow mix of uses within the cottages including office, residential, retail, service









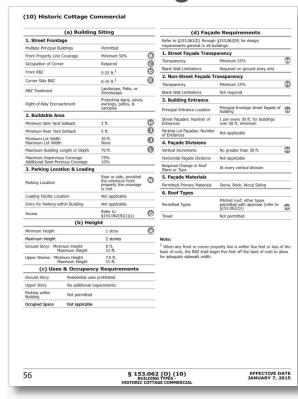


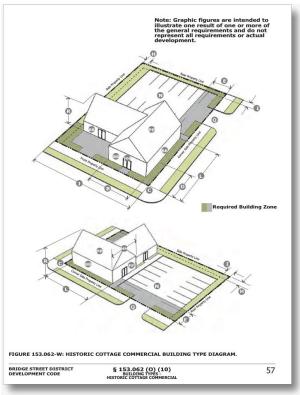


DESIGN STANDARDS

BUILDING TYPE: HISTORIC COTTAGE COMMERCIAL

Historic Cottage Commercial BUILDING TYPE





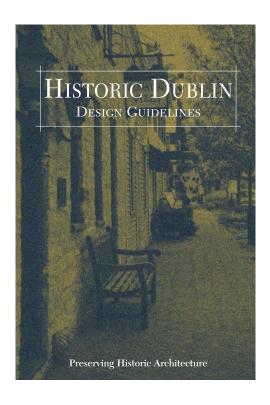
QUESTION 3:

DO YOU AGREE WITH THE PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT ENVELOPES FOR THE REAR OF LOTS IN THE HISTORIC CORE?

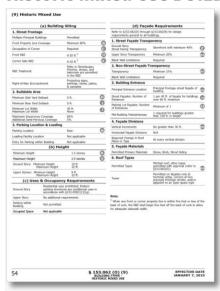
- A. DEFINITELY
- **B. PRETTY SURE**
- C. NOT SURE
- D. NOT AT ALL
- E. OTHER (PLEASE EXPLAIN)

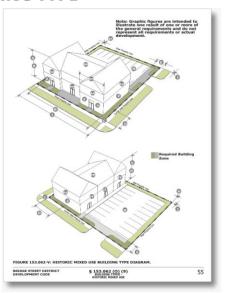
HISTORIC CORE: DESIGN

DESIGN STANDARDS BUILDING TYPES +



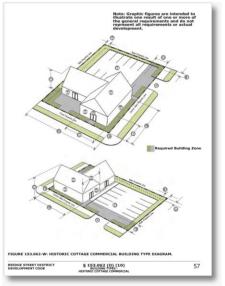
Historic Mixed Use BUILDING TYPE





Historic Cottage Commercial BUILDING TYPE





DESIGN STANDARDS BUILDING MATERIALS

STATION 2 MATERIALS & BUILDING DESIGN

Permitted materials are defined in the existing code as Permitted primary building materials shall be high quality, durable materials including but not limited to stone, manufactured stone, full depth brick and glass. Other high quality synthetic materials may be approved as permitted primary or secondary materials by the required reviewing body with examples of successful, high quality installations in comparable climates.

















Are there situations in Historic Dublin where concrete blocks (CMU) would be acceptable materials? Is false stucco (EIFS) an appropriate material (not currently permitted in the Historic MATERIALS Core)? Are there any situations where architectural metal panels would be acceptable (not currently permitted in the Historic Core)?









DESIGN STANDARDS BUILDING MATERIALS

(E) MATERIALS

- (1) Facade Materials
 - (a) A minimum of 80% of each façade visible from a street or adjacent property, exclusive of windows and doors, shall be constructed of permitted primary materials. Other facades shall use a combination of permitted primary and secondary materials, as determined by the required reviewing body. Use of a secondary material for an entire façade is not permitted.
 - (b) For individual façades over 1,000 square feet, exclusive of windows and doors, a combination of permitted primary materials shall be used to meet the 80% requirement, unless otherwise approved by the required reviewing body. For building designs using glass as an integral façade material (e.g., glazed aluminum or steel curtain walls), windows and doors incorporated into the curtain wall system may be included in the calculated façade area when determining compliance with this requirement.
 - (c) Permitted primary building materials shall be high quality, durable materials including but not limited to stone, manufactured stone, full depth brick and glass. Refer to §153.062(O) for permitted primary building materials for individual building types.
 - (d) Permitted secondary materials are limited to details and accents and include glass fiber reinforced gypsum, wood siding, fiber cement siding, metal, and exterior architectural metal panels and cladding.
 - (e) Exterior Insulation and Finishing system (EIFS) is permitted for trim only, except as provided in 153.062(E)(1)(f).
 - (f) EIFS and architectural metal panels and cladding shall not be used in the Historic Core district.

- (g) To provide visual depth and strong shadow lines, clapboard siding must have a minimum butt thickness of a quarter of an inch.
- (h) Other high quality synthetic materials may be approved as permitted primary or secondary materials by the required reviewing body with examples of successful, hi in comparable climates.
- (2) Facade Material Transitions
 - (a) Vertical transitions in faça at inside corners.
 - (b) Where more than one faca vertically, the 'heavier' ma shall be incorporated belov (e.g. masonry below siding •
 - (c) Transitions between different same material shall occur architecturally appropriate reviewing body, such as in vertical and horizontal faç:

EXISTING CODE:

- 80% of each street façade shall be primary materials.
- Requires a combination on facades over 1000 sf
- Permitted primary façade materials shall be high quality, durable materials, including stone, manufactured stone, full depth brick and glass.
- Permitted secondary materials are limited to details and accents and include glass fiber reinforced gypsum, wood siding, fiber cement, and metal.

QUESTION 4:

DO YOU AGREE WITH THE MATERIALS REQUIREMENTS OUTLINED IN THE EXISTING CODE?

- A. DEFINITELY
- **B. PRETTY SURE**
- C. NOT SURE
- D. NOT AT ALL
- E. OTHER (PLEASE EXPLAIN)

Shopfront Design

SHOPFRONT ELEMENTS:

- MAINTAIN existing minimum requirements for ground story glass (40% for Hist MU, 25% for Hist CC)
- Apply a MAXIMUM amount of ground story glass
- Prohibit use of standard storefront systems
- MAINTAIN window requirements for lintels, sills, and trim/casing.











DESIGN STANDARDS Side Street Flexibility

- Eliminate the requirement for shopfront on all street faces
- Allow either a shopfront or a more general ground story
- Allow residential uses to be located on the ground story on side streets
- Minimum transparency will still be required on side street facades









QUESTION 5:

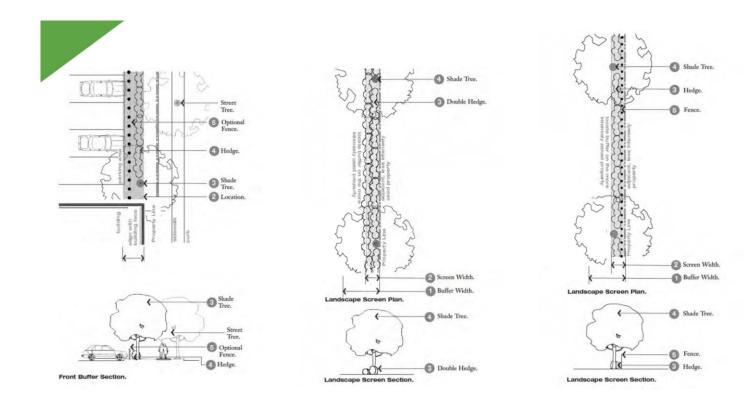
DO YOU AGREE WITH ADDING FLEXIBILITY TO SIDE STREETS FOR ALL BRIDGE STREET DISTRICTS AS

OUTLINED?

- A. DEFINITELY
- **B. PRETTY SURE**
- C. NOT SURE
- D. NOT AT ALL
- E. OTHER (PLEASE EXPLAIN)

DESIGN STANDARDS

TRANSITIONS TO RESIDENTIAL





QUESTION 6:

DO YOU FIND THE PROPOSALS FOR TRANSITIONS TO RESIDENTIAL APPROPRIATE for the areas adjacent to High Street?

- A. DEFINITELY
- **B. PRETTY SURE**
- C. NOT SURE
- D. NOT AT ALL
- E. OTHER (PLEASE EXPLAIN)

DESIGN STANDARDS PARKING REQUIREMENTS

PARKING STUDY CURRENTLY UNDERWAY will define the available parking. Once complete:

- Evaluate uses permitted in locations with less already available parking
- Evaluate potential credits for locations with available, useable off-site parking (public parking, on-street parking)
- Evaluate how to appropriate manage parking lots on small sites.

THANK YOU!

leslie@codametrics.com

